## CS61A Discussion 2: Environment Diagrams and Recursion

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# Agenda

- 1. Feedback!
- 2. Week in Review
- 3. Environment Diagrams
- 4. Lambdas (brief)
- 5. Recursion

#### Feedback!

Thanks for your feedback! Some changes:

- Trying some minor format changes
  - All lec first, then problems later
- Better clarity on which problems will be covered (disc is too long to do all the questions!)

## Week In Review

#### CSM sections for 61A are available for signup!

Hog is due this Thursday!

- How many have **started/finished** with Hog?
- How many are **finished** with Hog?

How was lab 2? (Lambdas/HOFs, Recursion)

#### Attendance

#### Form: tinyurl.com/jerrydisc

Weekly question is the quiz. Optional: add what you think of last week's and this week's quiz. (Weekly question is **not judged based on correctness**)

#### Environments

- Q: What is an **environment?**
- A: Environments represent a **context** for execution.
- Environments store things such as name-value bindings
- Visualize environments using environment diagrams

# Environment Diagrams

Consists of many frames that track program state

Some rules:

- Function call: create and number new frame (f1, f2, etc.)
   always start in global frame
- Assignment: write variable name and expression value
- **Def statements:** record function name and bind function object. Remember parent frame!
- Frames return values upon completion (Global is special)

## A Lambda Detour



Harold Abelson and Gerald Jay Sussman with Julie Sussman

#### A Lambda Detour



Lambda definition

Lambda call

Result (after currying): (lambda x = 4, y = 5: x + y \* y)



#### Drawing Hands by M. C. Escher



#### Fractals: Mandelbrot Set and Sierpinski Triangle

Google	recursion								Q
	All	Apps	Images	Videos	Books	More -	Search tools		
	About 9,030,000 results (0.34 seconds)								

Did you mean: *recursion* 

A recursive function can call itself,

which can call itself,

. . .

which can call itself,

Components of a recursive function

- **Base case:** some simple stopping condition
- Recursive calls: call ourself

Must be **simpler** than the original problem

Leap of faith: assume our recursive function solves any simpler version of the problem

```
Exponentiation example from lab:
def exp(b, n):
    if n == 0:
         return 1
    if n % 2 == 0:
         return exp(b ** 2, n / 2)
    else:
         return b * exp(b, n - 1)
```

## Tree Recursion

Recursive functions can sometimes require more than one call!

Fib(n) = Fib(n - 1) + Fib(n - 2)

Very powerful, but also potentially very slow (why?)